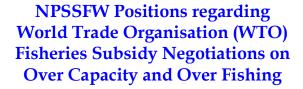
## NATIONAL PLATFORM FOR SMALL SCALE FISHWORKERS



- 1. NPSSFW stands and advocates for protection and promotion of socially and environmentally sustainable small-scale fisheries (SSF).<sup>1</sup>
- 2. NPSSFW vehemently objects **the non-participatory nature of WTO negotiations on fisheries subsidies** that are being conducted without any space for the largest primary stakeholders in fisheries the small-scale fish workers.
- 3. NPSSFW strongly holds that subsidies provided to the small-scale fisheries (SSF), are **instrumental to protect sustainable fishing**, **large employment**, **equitable distribution of income**, **food security and nutritional status of our society**. SSF is also key to addressing the issues arising from the urgency of the climate crisis. These subsidies may be both specific and non-specific to the SSF and may include both general and parametric insurances. With more than 50% of work force being women, the small-scale fisheries sector has also to be supported for gender balance in employment. As such the **provision of subsidies for SSF is non-negotiable**.
- 4. NPSSFW further holds that subsidies for Small Scale Fisheries in the developing or least developed countries is **beyond the mandate of WTO since these subsidies pertain to management of fisheries than to international trade.** This includes not only the protection and promotion of sustainable small-scale fisheries, but also measures to convert unsustainable fishing gears and crafts to more sustainable ones, as well as to restore the ecological base of Small Scale Fisheries.
- 5. NPSSFW stands by the principle that **Small-Scale or Large-Scale fisheries are to be designated not globally but by region or country**. Which is small-scale by size or capacity in developed countries, may be large-scale in developing or under-developed countries. It is vital therefore, to look beyond technical definitions of scale to the social characteristics of what comprises of small-scale fisheries. Based on this definition, NPSSFW also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NPSSFW defines Small Scale Fisheries (SSF) as fisheries where fishers and allied workers are directly engaged in the work in fisheries mainly for subsistence as against for commercial purpose. SSF by character is more traditional in its crafts and gears, more sustainable in its ecological footprint and more equitable in distribution of income.

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rejects the restriction of SSF exemptions to territorial waters or contiguous zones based on the notion that these are the only waters in which SSF operate. Regionally and nationally, based on the ecological specificity of the fishery and available capacity, SSF can extend well into the EEZ and beyond.

- 6. NPSSFW rejects treating fisheries subsidies by country and not by the sectoral categories like small-scale / large-scale, sustainable / unsustainable. Thus, NPSSFW rejects the instructions to stop subsidies to the SSF of a given country assuming that all the fishing sectors of that country are equally responsible for over-capacity or over-fishing. Instead, subsidies to the large-scale and unsustainable sectors of the country needs to be stopped or restricted using the principle of subsidiarity.
- 7. NPSSFW, in the same vein, holds that the quantum of subsidies provided by a country should be considered by subsidies provided per capita of the workers involved in fisheries of that country. But this should not be allowed as an argument to sponsor the large scale and unsustainable sectors of fisheries in that country.
- 8. NPSSFW maintains that catch within the MSY (maximum sustainable yield) limits should not allow any country to continue to subsidise destructive fishing gears or large-scale fisheries that are responsible for destruction of the natural resource base and/or marginalization of small-scale fisheries. Social sustainability is a key component of ecological sustainability, and NPSSFW rejects any agreement that only focusses on the MSY parameters.
- 9. Based on the principles of social sustainability and ecological sustainability, NPSSFW rejects the attempts of some countries to protect their large-scale fisheries that are responsible for destructive fishing and over-capacity or over-fishing on the pretext that their fishing gears are smaller in capacity compared to those of the countries that lead in industrial fishing.
- 10. NPSSFW also holds that the present negotiations on fisheries subsidies are conducted mainly to protect and promote the interests of countries that lead in large-scale industrial fishing. NPSSFW supports the right of developing and under-developed nations to claim their legitimate share in deep-sea fishing and/or their right to negotiate with other countries for sustainable harvesting of their fish resources in conformity with the principles outlined above.



- 11. NPSSFW further holds that the traditional livelihood rights of small-scale fisher people cannot be denied on the pretext of IUU (illegal, unregulated and unreported) fishing and it is the responsibility of the concerned government to provide a legal, regulatory and reporting framework to protect the traditional and livelihood rights in small-scale fisheries.
- 12. NPSSFW urges the governments, including the Government of India, to **stop all subsidies to the large-scale mechanized fishing sectors** responsible for overfishing and destructive fishing and not to accede to any agreement that goes against the interests of the small-scale fisheries.
- 13. In view of the present non-participatory and pro large-scale fisheries nature of the WTO negotiations on fisheries subsidies NPSSFW calls upon the small-scale fish workers of the world and their organisations to unite and raise their voice to **Save Water**, **Save Fish**, **Save Fisher People**.

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